| Domain | Strand | Standard (yellow) Essential Skill and Knowledge | Learning Progression |
|------------------|---|---|--|
| | Social Emotional | Recognize and identify emotions of self and others. | Awareness and Expression of Emotion |
| | | Recognize and identify own emotions and the emotions of others. | |
| | | Express, understand, and respond to feelings (emotions) of self and others. | |
| | | Express concern for the needs of others and people in distress. | |
| | | Look to adults for emotional support and guidance. | Relationships with Adults |
| | | Separate from familiar adults in a familiar setting with minimal distress. | |
| | | Seek security and support from familiar adults in anticipation of challenging situations. | |
| | | Request and accept guidance from familiar adults. | |
| | | Manage the expression of feelings, thoughts, impulses, and behaviors. | |
| | | Refrain from demonstrating disruptive or defiant behaviors. | Self Control |
| | | Demonstrate appropriate use of own materials or belongings and those of others. | Sell Collifor |
| | | Demonstrate the ability to delay gratification for short periods of time. | |
| | | Demonstrate the ability to persist with a task. | |
| | Approaches to Learning / Executive Functioning | Carry out tasks, activities, projects, or transitions, even when frustrated or challenged, with minimal distress. | Persistence |
| | | Focus on an activity with deliberate concentration despite distractions and/or temptations. | |
| Social | | Demonstrate the ability to retain and apply information. | Working Memory |
| Foundations (SF) | | Follow routines and multi-step directions. | |
| | | Remember and use information for a variety of purposes, with modeling and support. | |
| | | Use prior knowledge and information to assess, inform, and plan for future actions and learning. | |
| | | Seek and gather new information to plan for projects and activities. | Initiative |
| | | Express a desire to learn by asking questions and seeking new information. | |
| | | Demonstrate independence in learning by planning and initiating projects. | |
| | | Seek new and varied experiences and challenges (take risks). | |
| | | Demonstrate self-direction while participating in a range of activities and routines. | |
| | | Demonstrate cooperative behavior in interactions with others. | Cooperation with Peers |
| | | Play or work with others cooperatively. | |
| | | Interact with peers in complex pretend play, including planning, coordination of roles, and cooperation. | |
| | | Demonstrate socially competent behavior with peers. | |
| | | Share materials and equipment with other children, with adult modeling and support. | |
| | | Demonstrate understanding of rules and responsible behavior. | Responsible Behavior |
| | | Identify rules used at home and at school. | |
| | | Explain how rules promote order, safety, and fairness. | |

| Domain | Strand | Standard (yellow) Essential Skill and Knowledge | Learning Progression |
|------------------|---------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| | | Comprehend and respond to interactive read-alouds of literary and informational text. | |
| | | Before interactive read-alouds, make predictions and/or ask questions about the text by examining the title, | Story/Text Comprehension |
| | | cover, illustrations/photographs, graphic aids, and/or text. | |
| | | During interactive read-alouds, listen and ask and answer questions as appropriate. | |
| | | After interactive read-alouds, respond by retelling the text or part of the text in an appropriate sequence, using | |
| | | discussions, re-enactment, drawing, and/or writing as appropriate. | |
| | | Identify the beginning, middle, and end of literary text. | |
| | | Identify the main topic of informational text. | |
| | | Demonstrate understanding of spoken words and sounds (phonemes). | |
| | Reading | Identify initial and final sounds in spoken words. | |
| | | Identify, blend, and segment syllables in spoken words. | Phonological Awareness |
| | | Blend and segment onsets and rimes of single-syllable spoken words. | |
| | | Recognize rhyming words in spoken language. | |
| | | Know and apply letter-sound correspondence and letter recognition skills. | |
| | | Recognize that words are made up of letters and their sounds. | |
| | | Demonstrate basic knowledge of one-to-one letter-sound correspondences by producing the most frequent | Phonics and Letter Recognition |
| | | sound for some consonants. | |
| | | Recognize and name some upper- and lowercase letters. | |
| | Speaking and Listening | Communicate effectively in a variety of situations with different audiences, purposes, and formats. | Communication |
| Language and | | Speak or express thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly enough to be understood in a variety of settings. | |
| Literacy (LL) | | Participate in conversations with adults and peers, staying on topic through multiple exchanges and adding | |
| (LL) | | appropriate ideas to support or extend the conversation. | |
| | | Produce letter-like shapes, symbols, letters, and words to convey meaning. | |
| | | With modeling and support, print letters of own name. | |
| | Writing | With modeling and support, print meaningful words with letters and letter approximations. | Emergent Writing |
| | | Use a combination of drawing, dictating and developmentally appropriate writing for a variety of purposes | |
| | | (e.g., tell a story, give an opinion, express ideas). | |
| | | Demonstrate beginning understanding of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when | Grammar |
| | Language | engaged in literacy activities. | |
| | | Use familiar nouns and verbs to describe persons, animals, places, events, actions, etc. | |
| | | Develop understanding of singular and plural nouns (e.g. "dog" means one dog, "dogs" means more than one | |
| | | dog); form regular plural nouns orally by adding /s/ or /es/. | |
| | | Understand and begin to use question words. | |
| | | Use frequently occurring prepositions (e.g., "to," "from," "in," "out," "on," "off," "for," "of," "by," "with"). | |
| | | Produce complete sentences in shared language activities. | |
| | | Use words acquired through conversations and shared reading experiences. | Vocabulary |
| | | Identify real-life connections between words and their uses (e.g., relate the word "helpful," used in a story, to | |
| | | own life by telling ways to be helpful). | |
| | | Determine the meanings of unknown words/concepts using the context of conversations, pictures that | |
| | | accompany text, or concrete objects. | |

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|-------------|-----------------------------|---|----------------------|
| | | Know number name, count sequence, and relationships among number, numeral, and quantity. | |
| | Counting and Cardinality | Count the number sequence to 20. | |
| | | Touch each concrete object as it is counted, pairing one number word with each object and saying each | |
| | | number word only once in consistent order. | |
| | | Use number cards arranged in a line to count and then determine what number comes before or after a | |
| | | specific number. | |
| | | Identify, without counting, small quantities of items (1–3) presented in an irregular or unfamiliar pattern | Number Sense |
| | | (subitize). | |
| | | Recognize that the count remains the same regardless of the order or arrangement of the objects. | |
| | | Demonstrate understanding that the last number spoken tells the number of objects counted; respond | |
| | | correctly when asked "how many" after counting concrete objects. | |
| | | Name written numerals and pair them with concrete objects. | |
| | | Understand addition as putting together and adding to, and understand subtraction as taking apart and | |
| | | taking from. | |
| | Operations and | Solve simple addition and subtraction problems with totals less than 5, using concrete objects. | |
| | Algebraic Thinking | Use manipulatives to find the amount needed to complete the set. | Number Operations |
| Mathematics | | Manipulate sets to decompose numbers (e.g., 1 and 4 objects equal 5 objects; 2 and 3 objects equal 5 objects). | |
| (MA) | Measurement and Data | Sort, classify, and compare objects. | Classification |
| | | Using prior knowledge of grouping, sort objects by one attribute (e.g., "red or not red," "round or not round," | |
| | | or creating a set of "all red" or "all round" objects). | |
| | | Sort multiple groups by one attribute (e.g., "all blue, all red, all yellow" or "all bears, all cats, all dogs"). | |
| | | Identify the attribute by which objects are sorted. | |
| | | Count to identify the number of objects in each set, and compare categories using comparison vocabulary | |
| | | (e.g., "greater"/"more than," "less than," "same"/"equal to"). | |
| | | Describe and compare measurable attributes. | Measurement |
| | | Directly compare and describe two objects with a measurable attribute (e.g., length, size, capacity and weight) | |
| | | in common, using words such as "longer"/"shorter," "heavier"/"lighter," or "taller"/"shorter." | |
| | | Order objects by measurable attribute (e.g., biggest to smallest). | |
| | | Measure length and volume (capacity) using non-standard measurement tools. | |
| | Geometry | Describe two- and three-dimensional shapes. | Shapes |
| | | Match similar shapes when given a variety of two- and three-dimensional shapes. | |
| | | Use names of two-dimensional shapes (e.g., square; triangle; circle) when identifying objects. | |
| | | Distinguish examples and non-examples of various two- and three-dimensional shapes. | |
| | | Use informal language to describe three-dimensional shapes (e.g., "box" for cube; "ball" for sphere; "can" for | |
| | | cylinder). | |

| Domain | Strand | Standard (yellow) Essential Skill and Knowledge | Learning Progression |
|-----------------|-----------------------|--|------------------------------|
| | Physical Education | Demonstrate the ability to use large muscles to perform a variety of physical skills. | |
| | | Show fundamental movement by demonstrating spatial concepts in movement patterns. | |
| | | Demonstrate locomotor skills with control, coordination, and balance during active play (e.g., running, hopping, | |
| | | jumping). | Coordination-Large Motor |
| | | Demonstrate coordination in using objects during active play (e.g., throwing, catching, kicking balls, riding | Coordination Earge Motor |
| | | tricycle). | |
| | | Use non-locomotor skills with control, balance, and coordination during active play (e.g., bending, stretching, | |
| | | and twisting). | |
| | | Demonstrate the ability to use small muscles to perform fine motor skills in play and learning situations. | Coordination–Small Motor |
| Physical Well- | | Coordinate the use of hands, fingers, and wrists to manipulate objects and perform tasks requiring precise | |
| Being and Motor | | movements. | |
| Development | | Use classroom and household tools independently with eye-hand coordination to carry out activities. | |
| (PD) | | Use a three-finger grasp of dominant hand to hold a writing tool. | |
| | | Demonstrate the ability to apply prevention and intervention knowledge, skills, and processes to promote | Safety and Injury Prevention |
| | Health | safe living, in the home, school, and community. | |
| | | With modeling and support, identify and follow basic safety rules. | |
| | | Identify ways adults help to keep us safe. | |
| | | With modeling and support, identify the consequences of unsafe behavior. | |
| | | With modeling and support, demonstrate ability to follow transportation and pedestrian safety rules. | |
| | | Demonstrate personal health and hygiene practices. | Personal Care Tasks |
| | | Independently complete personal care tasks (e.g., washing hands before eating and after toileting). | |
| | | Follow basic health practices (e.g., covering mouth/nose when coughing/sneezing). | |